

Historical knowledge

The Victorian era was 1837-1901.

Queen Victoria was the reigning Queen of the UK during the Victorian era.

Since the Victorian era, Easton has seen houses knocked down for green spaces, the development of the railway and also transport infrastructure.

Poorer children were expected to work from a young age in dangerous places such as factories and coal mines.

George Muller created 5 orphanages in Bristol that looked after 10,024 orphans during his life.

The Muller orphanages helped the children to learn key skills and get an education that they wouldn't get elsewhere.

WG Grace was born in Bristol in 1848.

WG Grace was seen as the Father of cricket due to his dedication to the sport.

Tier 3 Vocabulary

History:	The description or study of past events
Chronological:	Arranged in the order in which events happened
Era:	A period of time in history
Period:	A length of time
Timeline:	The passing of time spaced upon a line
Common Era (CE):	The time after the birth of Christ.
Before Common Era (BCE):	The time before the birth of Christ.
Victorian:	Relating to the reign of Queen Victoria
Infrastructure:	Basic facilities and systems that help a government or county run.
Bay window:	A window built to project outwards from an outside wall
Historical source:	Someone or something that provides historical information
Census:	an official count of all the people living in a country
Chimney Sweep:	Someone who cleans the interior of a chimney
Orphan:	A child whose parents are both dead
Orphanage:	A place where orphans live and are looked after
Workhouse:	Where people with no money were taken to live and work.
Slavery:	the act of forcing someone to work for someone else without being paid
Slave trade:	the buying, transporting and selling of slaves
Lay Preacher:	An unordained speaker in a Church
Tightrope	: a rope or wire stretched out taut for acrobats to perform on
Cricket:	A game played by 2 teams of 11 players, with 2 bats, a ball and 2 sets of stumps

Historical Enquiry

Planning and carrying out a historical enquiry

I can ask historical questions about the Victorians

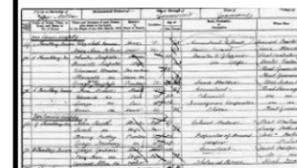
I can plan how I will answer each question

I can answer these questions using historical sources

Using Sources as evidence

I understand the difference between primary and secondary historical sources

I can use historical sources to answer questions



Primary sources

- Maps
- Census Records
- Street Directories



W.G. Grace facts for kids

W.G. Grace (1848-1915) was an English cricketer and politician.

Grace, always known as 'W.G.', was one of the greatest players, and was instrumental in the development of the sport. He played first-class cricket for a record-breaking 44 seasons, from 1865 to 1909, during which he captained England, Gloucestershire County Cricket Club, the Gentlemen, MCC, the United South of England Cricketers and several other teams. He came from a coaching family. In 1880 W.G. with E.M. Grace, one of his elder brothers, and Fred Grace, his younger brother, was the first time three brothers played together in first-class cricket. His father and a cousin were also good players.

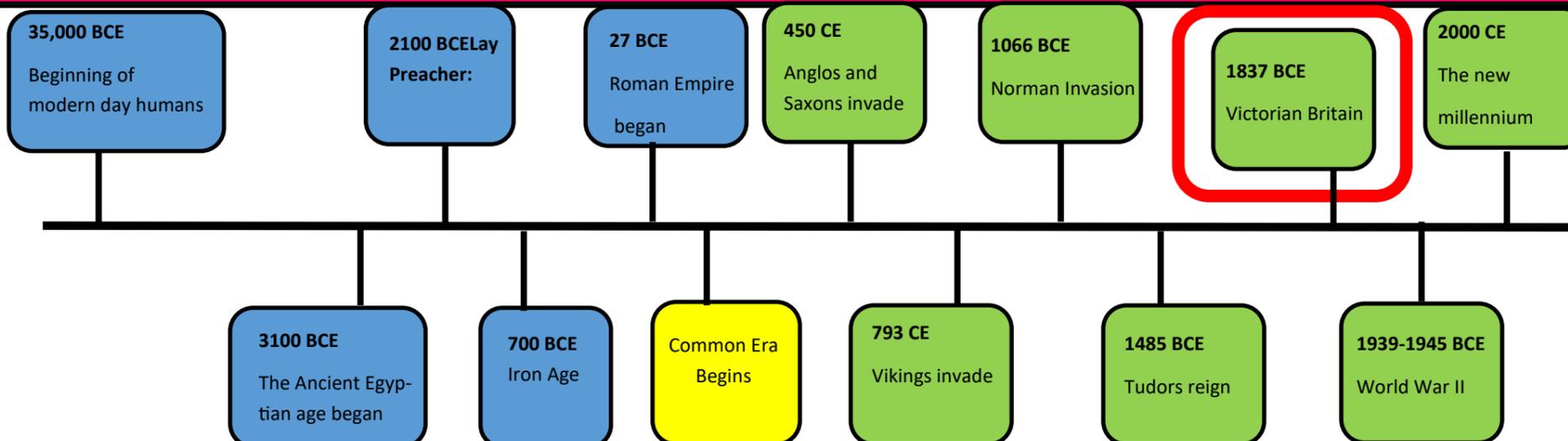


Secondary sources

Websites about WG Grace and George Muller

Time lines

Overall history timeline



Key people

<p>Queen Victoria (1819-1901) was Queen of the UK from 20th June 1837 until her death. She reigned during a period of industrial, cultural, political, scientific and military change within the UK, and was marked by a great expansion of the British Empire.</p>		<p>Henry Parker (1826—?) Was an American slave who escaped his work. He was smuggled onto a ship in Boston which was bound for Germany. He chose to disembark in Bristol before working as a lay preacher in St Werburghs.</p>	
<p>George Muller (1808-1898) Was the founder and director of the Ashley Down orphanages in Bristol. He cared for 10,024 orphans during his lifetime and provided educational opportunity for the orphans.</p>		<p>Carlos Trower (1850-1889) was a famous tightrope walker who used his fame to help to try and emancipate other slaves. He was known as the African Blondin and was constantly daring himself to complete trickier walks.</p>	
<p>WG Grace (1848-1915) was an English amateur cricketer who was important in the development of the sport and widely considered one of its greatest-ever players. Born in Downend Bristol on 18th July 1848</p>			

Historical concepts

Change and development

- I can say what changed in our local area from the Victorian times
- I can explain the impact and change caused by George Muller through his orphanages

Cause and effect

- I know how and why George Muller helped the orphans in Bristol
- I know the impact Muller had on helping poor children for years after his death.

Significance and Interpretations

- I can explain the working conditions of poor children during the Victorian period.
- I understand that WG Grace was seen as the Father of cricket in the UK

Specific subject timeline

